

San Diego HIV Health Services Planning Council  
Priority Setting Committee



Overall  
2008 Key Data Findings



Approved July 10, 2008

2008 HIV/AIDS Consumer Needs Assessment Survey results

- Housing/Shelter, Transportation & Medical Specialty services have increased in priority since the 2006 survey.
- African American (particularly African American women) rank support services higher than do other populations.
- More respondents report they need but can't get Dental Care & Housing than any other services.
- 3% of respondents say they "need but can't get" **HIV Primary Care** and 3% **HIV Meds**, compared to 15% and 13% respectively each in the 2006 survey.

Provider Survey (2006 data, the 2008 Provider Survey result will be available Fall 2008)

- Services most important to get and keep PLWH/A in HIV primary medical care are Alcohol/Drug Recovery Services/Treatment, Case Management, Housing, Mental Health, Early Intervention Centers: Coordinated Services Centers, Transportation and service location.

Out-of-Care

- The top reasons for not getting care were **I felt healthy** and **not ready to deal with having HIV**.
- PLWH/A who are not using HIV primary care are more likely than those in care to have **co-occurring conditions**, including homelessness, substance use, mental illness, and physical disability, more likely to be HIV-positive (not AIDS diagnosed) ("feel healthy"), and **less likely** to report a stable living situation.
- Change in health status and access to substance abuse detoxification and treatment, mental health, housing, case management and transportation services, and one-stop shopping locations such as coordinated services centers, appear to be strong motivators to get and keep PLWH/A in HIV primary care."

Unmet need:

- An estimated 37% of PLWH/A have unmet need for HIV Primary Care (32% of people with AIDS; 41% of people with HIV—non-AIDS)
- Among people with HIV (not AIDS), females, African Americans, aged 50+ and East County are more likely to be out of care.

Co-occurring health conditions, poverty & insurance status

- PLWH/A are more likely than the general San Diego County populations to experience the following conditions: TB, STDs, hepatitis B & C, mental illness, Injection and non-injection drug use, homelessness, poverty & lack of insurance.

- Research also reveals a higher incidence of gastrointestinal diseases, circulatory diseases, endocrine/nutritional/metabolic disease, nervous system diseases and neoplastic diseases (cancer, lymphoma).
- These conditions can complicate adherence and make care more complex and more expensive.

#### AIDS epidemiology

- The proportion of new AIDS cases attributed to Caucasians, men who have sex men (MSM) and Central San Diego residents has decreased over time.
- The proportion of new AIDS cases attributed to Latinos, South Bay residents and heterosexual transmission (among women) has increased over time.

#### Regional Focus Groups

- Issues identified the most frequently among all five regions included requests for the following services: transportation, housing, childcare/family care and dental. .

#### Regional availability of Ryan White (RW) Part A (former Title I) services

- The fewest RW Part A services are available in East County, followed by South Bay.

#### RW Part A service utilization

- Although funding was the same or decreased, service utilization increased for the following services between YR 16 & YR 17: HIV Primary Care (which also increased by 29% in YR 18), Medical Case Management Services, Drug and Alcohol Treatment – Outpatient, Early Intervention Services – Regional and Food: Home Delivered Meals.
- African Americans demonstrate disparities (compared to local HIV/AIDS epidemiological data) in RW Part A service utilization of HIV Primary Care and four other core services.
- Latinos demonstrate disparities of Psychiatric Services and Drug and Alcohol Treatment Services- Outpatient.
- Southeast San Diego residents demonstrate disparities in utilization for Medical Specialty, Psychiatric Services, Dental care, Mental Health and Drug & Alcohol Treatment – Outpatient, South Bay for Psychiatric Services, Dental care and Drug & Alcohol Treatment – Outpatient three core services, North County for Mental Health and Drug & Alcohol Treatment – Outpatient, East County for Early Intervention Services – Regional Services.
- South Bay residents demonstrate the greatest number of disparities in utilization of support services, followed by Latinos.

#### Resource Inventory

- All current RW Part A providers have extensive **Capability** in providing services
- For most RW Part A providers, **Capacity** is limited primarily based on availability of funding.
- Most non-RW programs providing the same or similar services have limited or very limited capacity, are focused on specific populations (e.g., veterans) or have no or very limited HIV experience or focus.
- All RW Part A providers screen clients for other resources as appropriate.

#### Service Outcomes

- Positive outcomes are indicated for all RW Part A/B funded services, nearly all services met or exceeded contracted outcome objectives.