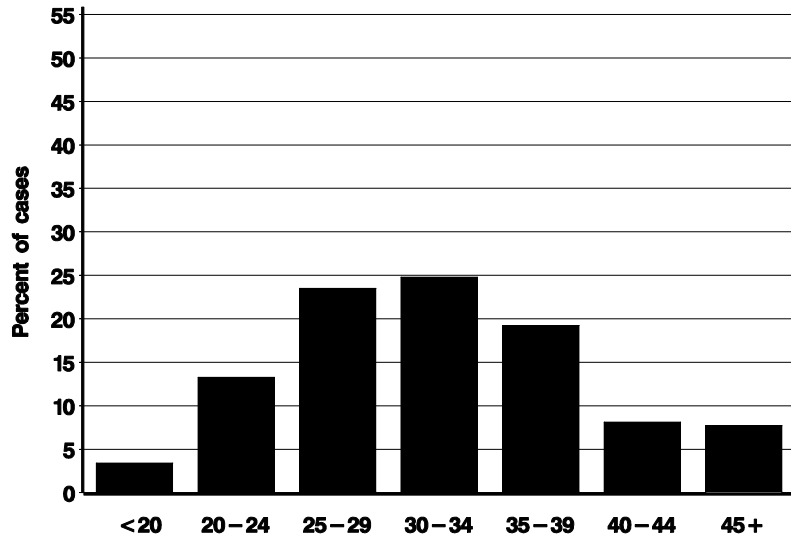
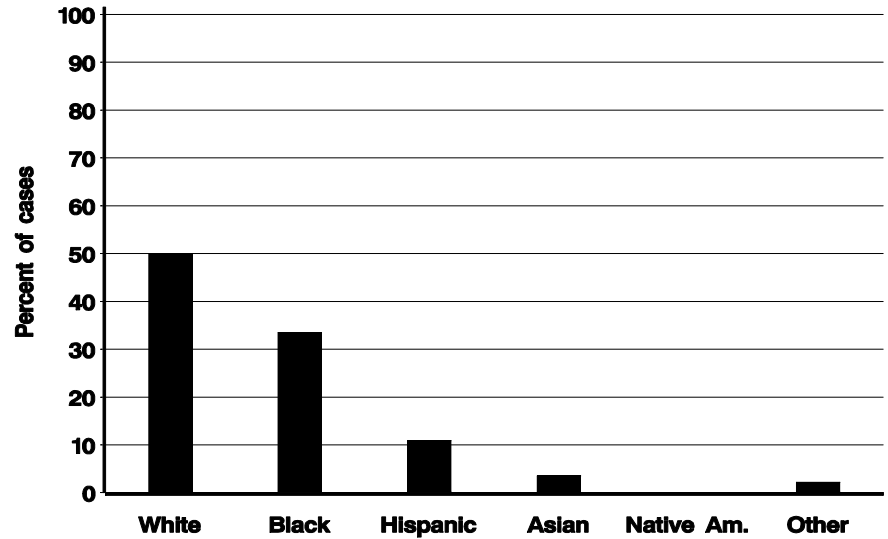


# San Diego, California – 2001 (N=235)

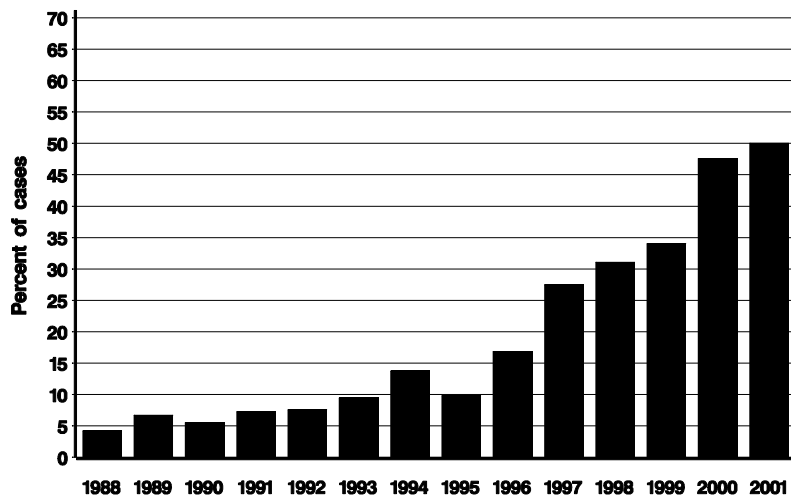
**Figure A. Age of GISP participants, in years, 2001**



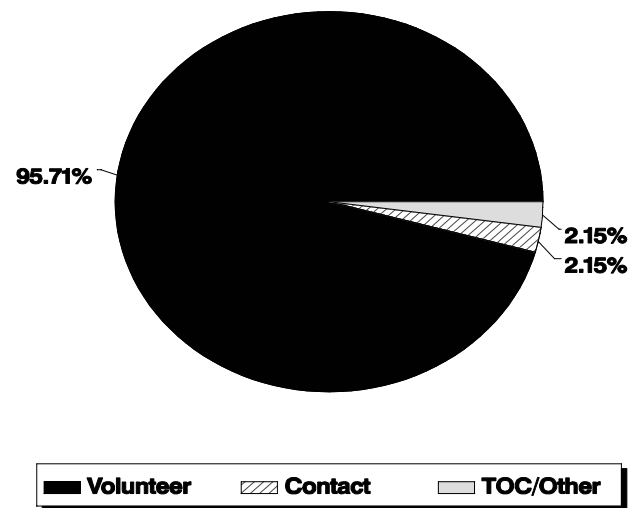
**Figure B. Race/ethnicity of GISP participants, 2001**



**Figure C. Percentage of GISP participants identifying as men who have sex with men, 1988–2001**

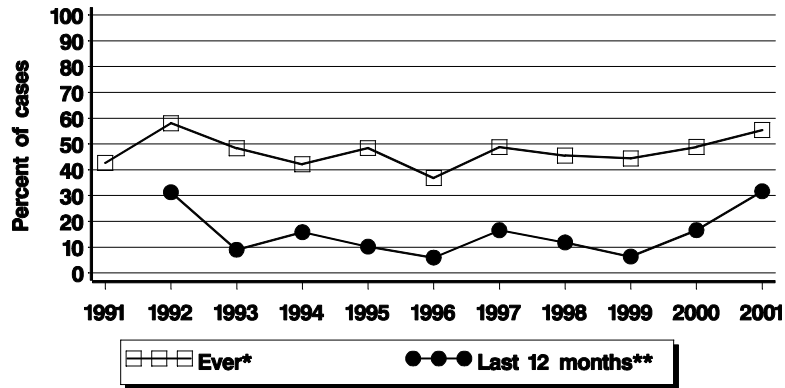


**Figure D. Reason for visit among GISP participants, 2001**



# San Diego, California – 2001 (N=235)

**Figure E. Previous episode of gonorrhea among GISP participants, 1991 – 2001**

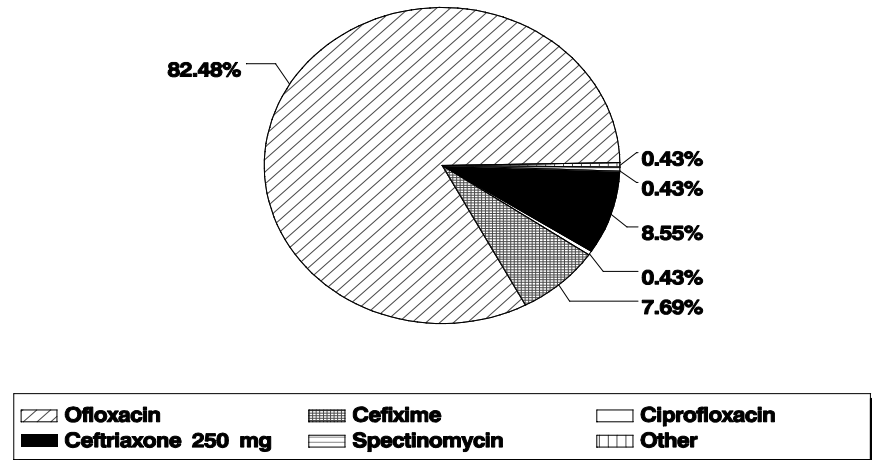


\*Data first collected in 1991.

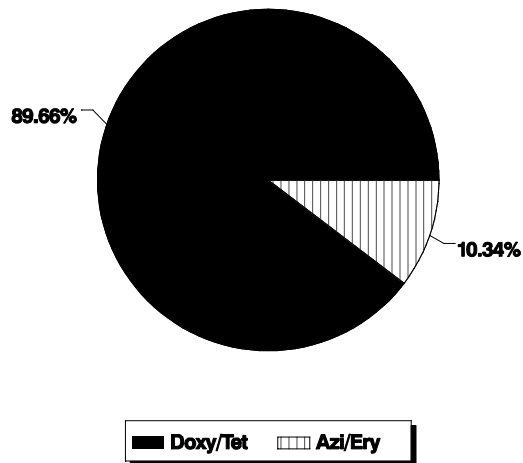
\*\*Data first collected in 1992.

Note: Data points not shown when >30% data missing.

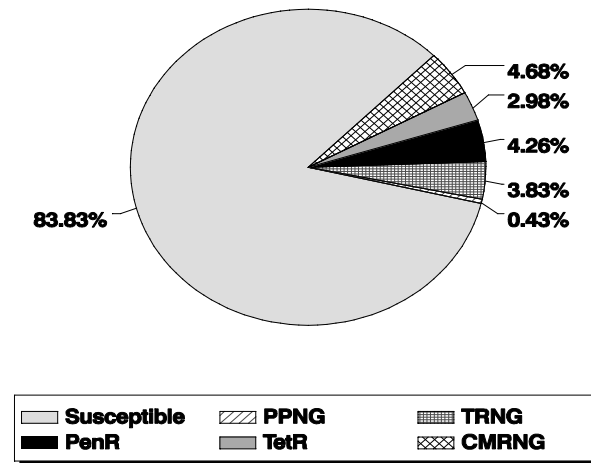
**Figure F. Drugs used to treat gonorrhea among GISP participants, 2001**



**Figure G. Drugs used to treat *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection among GISP participants, 2001**



**Figure H. Resistance to penicillin and tetracycline among GISP isolates, 2001**

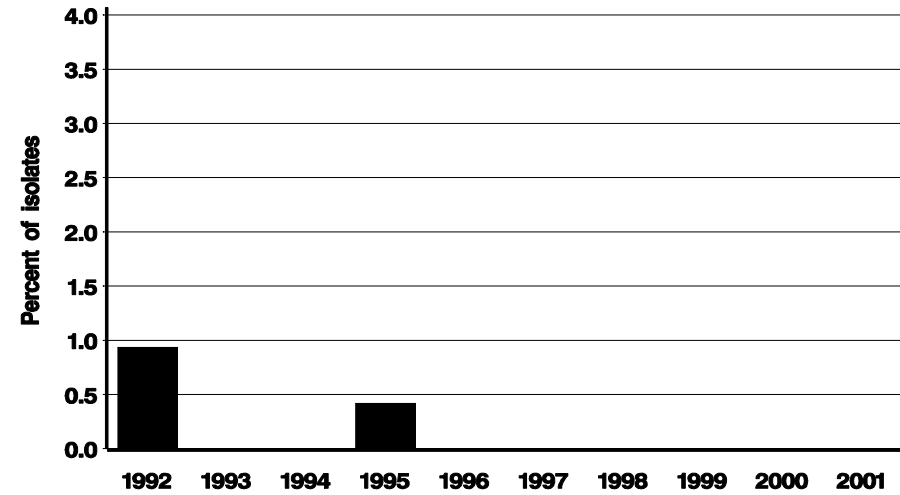


# San Diego, California – 2001 (N=235)

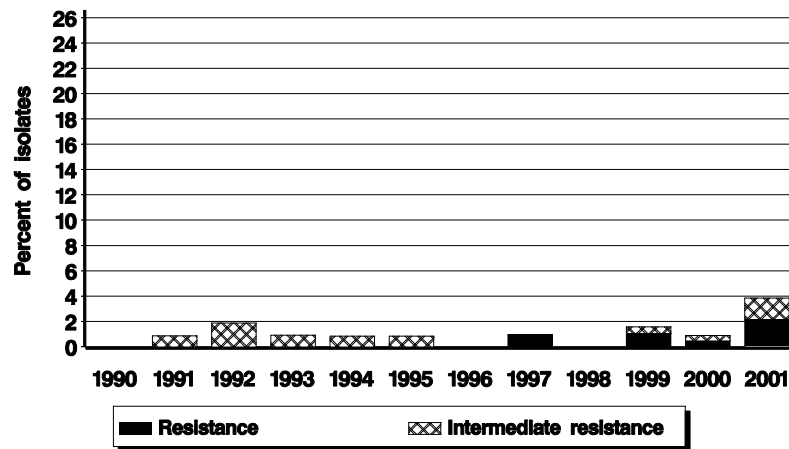
**Figure I. Decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone among GISP isolates, 1988–2001**

No isolates with decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone have been identified at this clinic.

**Figure J. Decreased susceptibility to cefixime among GISP isolates, 1992–2001**

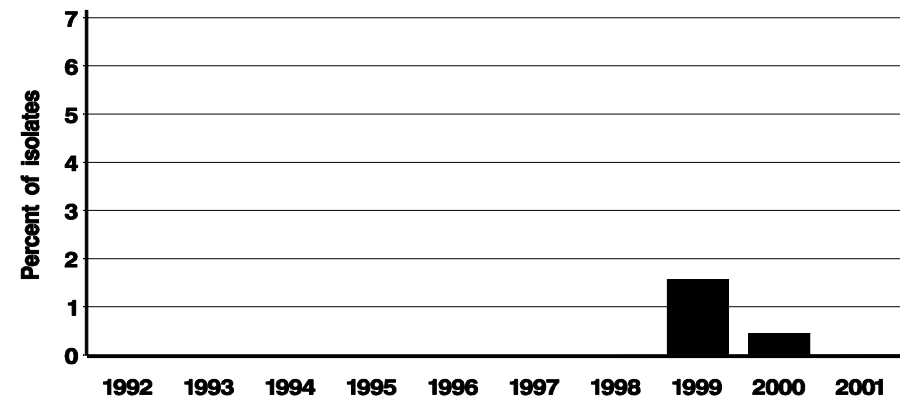


**Figure K. Intermediate resistance and resistance to ciprofloxacin among GISP isolates, 1990–2001**



Note: Susceptibility to ciprofloxacin first measured in 1990.

**Figure L. Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin among GISP isolates, 1992–2001**



Note: Susceptibility to azithromycin first measured in 1992.

Note: Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin is defined here as  $>$  or  $=$  1.0 ug/ml. No NCCLS criteria currently exist.