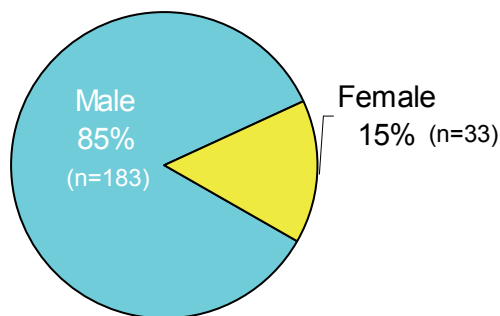


HIV* in the South HHSA Region

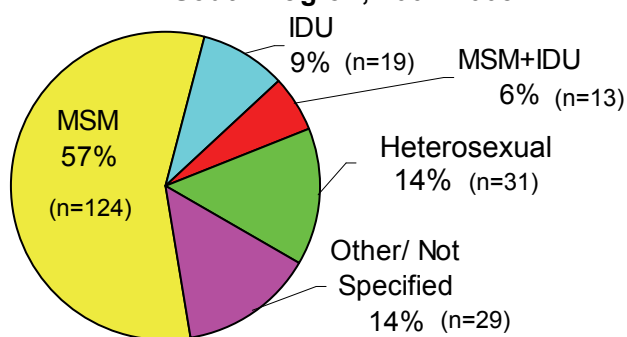
Gender

The HIV reporting system is new and rates cannot be calculated for HIV cases until the system is evaluated. Between the year 2001 and 2005, 216 individuals were diagnosed with HIV in the South region. The South region had a greater proportion of women diagnosed than the County overall.

South Region, 2001-2005



South Region, 2001-2005



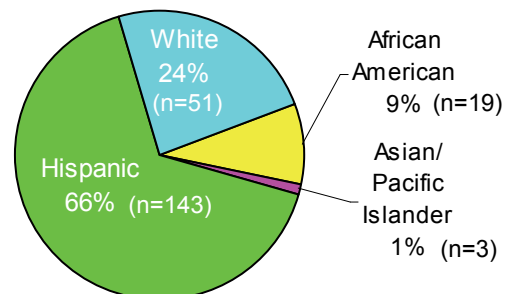
Mode of Transmission

Most cases of HIV reported in the South region were MSM (57%), with heterosexual, other, IDU and MSM+IDU following. The South region had a smaller proportion of MSM transmission than the County overall and a greater proportion of heterosexual transmission.

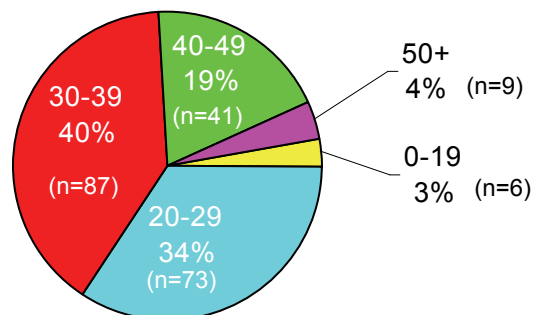
Racial/Ethnic Group

Most HIV cases reported in the South region were among Hispanics (66%). Whites followed with 24% of cases, African American with 9% and Asian/Pacific Islander with 1%. The South region had a greater proportion of Hispanics diagnosed than the county overall and a smaller proportion of whites.

South Region, 2001-2005



South Region, 2001-2005



Age at Diagnosis

Like the county overall, the greatest proportion of HIV cases diagnosed in the South region were in the 30-39 age group (40%). The South region had a greater proportion of those aged 20-29 diagnosed than the County overall.

*Notes: HIV cases by date of diagnosis, 2001-2005. HIV reporting was initiated July 1, 2002, and has not been evaluated, therefore caution should be taken in interpreting the data. No rates were calculated. For more information, call Community Epidemiology at (619) 515-6675 or log on to www.sdhivaid.org