



California Report Card 2004: Focus on Children in Immigrant Families

California School-Age Children (ages 5-17) Who Are Bilingual, 1990 and 2000

County	1990	2000
California	20%	26%
Alameda	15%	23%
Alpine	6%	4%
Amador	3%	4%
Butte	6%	9%
Calaveras	3%	3%
Colusa	22%	31%
Contra Costa	12%	17%
Del Norte	5%	9%
El Dorado	4%	7%
Fresno	20%	26%
Glenn	16%	26%
Humboldt	3%	6%
Imperial	41%	42%
Inyo	3%	10%
Kern	15%	22%
Kings	15%	22%
Lake	5%	7%
Lassen	4%	4%
Los Angeles	30%	36%
Madera	21%	23%
Marin	11%	14%
Mariposa	0%	3%
Mendocino	8%	12%
Merced	22%	29%
Modoc	4%	12%
Mono	7%	16%
Monterey	23%	27%
Napa	11%	18%
Nevada	3%	5%

County	1990	2000
Orange	20%	27%
Placer	4%	6%
Plumas	3%	4%
Riverside	17%	23%
Sacramento	9%	16%
San Benito	23%	22%
San Bernardino	14%	23%
San Diego	17%	23%
San Francisco	29%	35%
San Joaquin	15%	21%
San Luis Obispo	7%	11%
San Mateo	23%	27%
Santa Barbara	16%	23%
Santa Clara	21%	29%
Santa Cruz	14%	20%
Shasta	3%	5%
Sierra	5%	2%
Siskiyou	6%	8%
Solano	11%	14%
Sonoma	7%	14%
Stanislaus	17%	22%
Sutter	16%	21%
Tehama	8%	11%
Trinity	3%	3%
Tulare	24%	29%
Tuolumne	3%	3%
Ventura	16%	21%
Yolo	13%	21%
Yuba	10%	16%

Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census, Summary File 3, Table P19, <http://www.aecf.org/kidscount>, accessed February 18, 2004.

Notes: Being bilingual means that a child speaks a language other than English with his or her family and also speaks English "very well."